

# **EIILM University**

**DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE  
LEARNING**

**SYLLABUS BOOKLET  
Year - I TO II**

**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL  
SCIENCE (M.A – PS)**

**JAN 2010 ONWARDS**

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – I**

**WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/110**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

**INTRODUCTION:**

Nature of Political Thought; Utility and Value of Political Philosophy; The problem of Value and Ideology; Political Science and Political Philosophy.

- PLATO
- ARISTOTLE
- AFTER ARISTOTLE
- THE ROMANS
- CHURCH FATHERS
- CHARACTERISTIC THEORIES OF MIDDLE AGES
- ST. AQUINAS
- MARSILIO OF PAUDA
- MACHIAVELLI
- BODIN
- HOBBS
- LOCKE
- MONTESQUIEU
- ROUSSEAU
- BURKE
- JEREMY BENTHAM

- JOHN STURAT MILL
- HEGEL
- AUGUSTE COMTE
- T.H.GREEN
- KARL MARX

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – I**

**DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/120**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

1. Development: Some Basic Considerations
2. Sustainable Development
3. Characteristics and Problems of Developing Countries
4. Development Administration: Imperative and Perspective
5. Comparative Public Administration: An Overview
6. Organization and Management Development
7. Administrative Capability for Development
8. Regulatory Administration for Development
9. Development Planning
10. Public Enterprise: Management and Role
11. Administration of Development Programmes and Projects
12. Bureaucracy and Development
13. Bureaucracy and Public Policy
14. Environment and Development
15. Citizen Participation in Development
16. New Public Management: An Antithesis Approach to Development Administrations
17. Development Administration: Crisis and Continuities

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – I**

**COMPARATIVE POLITICS**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/130**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

1. Comparative Politics: Meaning, Nature and Scope
2. Comparative Politics: Traditional and Modern Perspectives, Utility and Problems
3. Comparative Method: Meaning, Nature, Scope and Utility
4. Evolution of Comparative Politics: Major landmarks before and after IInd world war
5. Behaviouralism in Political Science and Behavioural Structure of Competitive Politics
6. Structural- Functional Approach
7. Marxist Leninist Approach of Comparative Politics
8. Political System Analysis
9. Political Modernization and Modern Approach of Comparative Politics
10. Political Development and Political Development Approach in Comparative Politics
11. Political Culture and Political Culture approach of comparative politics
12. Constitutionalism: History, Kinds, Theory and Practice and Problems of
  1. Constitutionalism in Modern Times
13. Forms of Government: Unitary and Federal; Structure and Functions
14. Forms of Government: Parliamentary and Presidential, Structure and Functions.
15. Theory of Separation of Powers

16. Legislature: Structure, Functions and Role
17. Executive: Structure, Functions and Role
18. Judiciary and Judicial Review: Structure, Functions and Role
19. Political Parties: Nature, Types and Role
20. Pressure Groups: Nature, Types and Role
21. Political Participation: Meaning, Nature, Elements and Theories
22. Bureaucracy: Meaning, Nature and Kinds
23. Elite: Meaning and Theories
24. Political Communication: Meaning, Models and kinds
25. Political Socialization: Meaning, Features and Agencies
26. Voting Behaviour: Meaning and Elements.

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – I**

**INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/140**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

**Section-I (Approaches to the Study of Indian Political System and Development of the Indian Constitutional System)**

1. Approaches to the Study of Indian Political System
2. Political Culture of India
3. Social Composition and Sociological Foundations
4. Nature of British Colonial Rule in India
5. Indian National Movement
6. Political Legacies
7. Constitutional Development and Beginning of Parliamentary Government (1773-1909)
8. Growth of Constitutional and Responsible Government (1919-1935)
9. From Provisional Autonomy to Independence (1939-1947)
10. Constituent Assembly and Making of the Indian Constitution
11. The main Approaches, Attitudes and Trends in the Making
12. Sources of the Indian Constitution
13. Preamble to the Constitution

## **Section- II (Constitutional Framework)**

1. Nature of the Indian Political System
2. Dynamic secularism
3. Federalism in India
4. Constitutions Conscience: Fundamental Rights
5. Fundamental Duties
6. Directive Principles of State Policy
7. Constitutional Executive of India
8. Real Executive in India – The Council of Minister and the Prime Minister
9. Union Parliament
10. Supreme Court and Judicial Review
11. State Executive
12. State Legislature
13. State Judiciary
14. Relations between the Union and the States
15. Issue of State Autonomy
16. International Between National Politics and State Politics
17. Amendment Process
18. Judicial Activism

## **Section – III (Working of the Indian Political System)**

1. Bureaucracy
2. Panchayati Raj
3. Party System in India
4. Pressure Group in India
5. Politics of Defections in India
6. Elections and Voting Behavior



7. Election Commission
8. Economic Planning in India
9. Linguism in Indian Politics
10. Casteism in Indian Politics
11. Regionalism In Politics
12. Impact of Religion and Communalism on Indian Politics
13. The problems of Political Corruption
14. National Integration
15. Tradition and Modernity in India
16. Problems of Nation Building and Political Development
17. Prospects of Parliamentary Democracy in India
18. Impact of Planning on Indian Politics
19. Agriculture Sector and Political Development
20. Green Revolution
21. Factions and Factional Politics
22. Coalition Politics in India
23. Political Power Structure
24. Political Elites
25. Ethnic and other Groups
26. Emerging Trends in Indian Politics
27. Reservation Policy: Experience and Debate
28. Human Rights
29. National Commission on Constitutional Review
30. Problem of Human Development

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – II**

**INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/210**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

**BLOCK – 1: Background of Social and Political Thought**

**Unit 1** Colonial Intervention in Society, Economy and Polity

**Unit 2** Modern Indian Political Thought: Issues & Approaches

**BLOCK – 2: Socio-Political Reform in the 19 Century India**

**Unit 3** Introduction

**Unit 4** Raja Ram Mohan Roy

**Unit 5** M. G. Remade

**BLOCK – 3: Militant Nationalism**

**Unit 6** Introduction

**Unit 7** B. G. Tilak

**Unit 8** Sri Aurbindo

**Unit 9** Bhagat Singh

**BLOCK – 4: Colonialism, Caste Order and the Tribal Society**

**Unit 10** Introduction

**Unit 11** Jyotiba Phule

**Unit 12** Periyar Ramaswamy Naicker

**Unit 13** Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

**Unit 14** Anti Colonial Tribal Movements

**BLOCK – 5: Politics and Religion in Modern India: the Interface**

**Unit 15** Introduction

**Unit 16** Swami Dayanand Saraswati, Swami Vivekanand and V. D. Savarkar

**Unit 17** Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Mohammad Iqbal, M.A. Jinnah and Abul Kalam Azad

**BLOCK – 6: Gandhism: Evolution & Character**

**Unit 18** Concept of Swaraj, Satyagraha and Critique of Western Civilisation

**Unit 19** Sarvodaya and the Gandhian Alternative

**Unit 20** Gandhian Social Revolution – I (socialism)

**BLOCK – 7: Nationalism and Social Revolution – I (Socialism)**

**Unit 21** Introduction

**Unit 22** Jawaharlal Nehru

**Unit 23** Subhash Chandra Bose

**Unit 24** J.P. and Political Thought of Narendra Dev

**Unit 25** Ram Manohar Lohia

**BLOCK – 8 Nationalism and Social Revolution – II (Communists)**

**Unit 26** Introduction

**Unit 27** Communists and the Indian National Movement

**Unit 28** M.N. Roy: Marxism Thought

**Unit 29** Nationalism and Social Revolution: An Overview

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – II**

**INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/220**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

**BLOCK- 1: Scope of International Relations**

**Unit 1** International Relations: Field of Study

**Unit 2** Approaches to International Relations

**BLOCK- 2: International Relations after World War-I**

**Unit 3** Imperialism

**Unit 4** World War- I, October Revolution and Peace Settlements

**BLOCK- 3: Sovereign State System**

**Unit 5** Rise of Sovereign State Systems

**Unit 6** International Actors and Capabilities

**Unit 7** Dynamics of Foreign Policy Making

**BLOCK- 4: Institutional Approaches to Peace and Security**

**Unit 8** Outlawry of War

**Unit 9** Collective Security

**Unit 10** Regional Security

**Unit 11** League of Nations

**BLOCK- 5: Rise of Fascism and its Impact on International System**

**Unit 12** Rise of Fascism

**Unit 13** Foreign Policy of III Reich

**Unit 14** World War- II

**BLOCK- 6: Trends in Post War International Relations**

**Unit 15** Bipolarity and Cold War: Confrontation and Detente

**Unit 16** China as a power in World Politics

**Unit 17** De-colonization, National Liberation Movement and Emergence of Third World

**BLOCK- 7: Emerging World Order**

**Unit 18** Role of the U.N. and International Peace

**Unit 19** Efforts Towards Disarmament

**Unit 20** Struggle for Human Rights

**Unit 21** Regional Organizations and Integration

**BLOCK- 8: Contemporary Issues in International Relations**

**Unit 22** Global Inequality and NIEO

**Unit 23** Conflict and Consensus in North South Dialogue

**Unit 24** Non-alignment

**Unit 25** Neo-colonialism, Role of TNCS and Multilateral Agencies

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – II**

**POLITICAL THEORY AND INSTITUTIONS**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/230**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

**BLOCK- 1: Introduction to Political Science**

**Unit 1** Definition and Scope of Political Science

**Unit 2** Approaches to the study of Politics

**Unit 3** Political Science and Social Reality

**BLOCK- 2: Classical View of the State**

**Unit 4** Classical View of State in Plato and Aristotle

**Unit 5** the State in Ancient India

**BLOCK- 3: Essential Features of the State**

**Unit 6** The State: Meaning, Nature and Origin

**Unit 7** State, Nationality and Nation

**Unit 8** Sovereignty and Pluralism

**Unit 9** Power, Authority and Legitimacy

**BLOCK- 4: Individual and the State**

**Unit 10** Law and Morality

**Unit 11** Liberty

**Unit 12** Equality

**Unit 13** Justice

**BLOCK- 5: Forms of Government**

- Unit 14** Government: Its organs and classifications
- Unit 15** Democratic Government
- Unit 16** Unitary and Federal Government
- Unit 17** Parliamentary Form of Government
- Unit 18** Presidential Form of Government

**BLOCK- 6: Theories of State**

- Unit 19** Individualistic View of the State
- Unit 20** Welfare State
- Unit 21** Marxist Theory of State
- Unit 22** Anarchist Theory of State

**BLOCK- 7: Ideologies of the State**

- Unit 23** Totalitarianism
- Unit 24** Fascism
- Unit 25** Imperialism
- Unit 26** Nationalism and Internationalism

**BLOCK- 8: State Invention in Society and Economy**

- Unit 27** Role of State in Economic Processes
- (1) **Unit 28** State and Social Processes

**SYLLABUS**  
**MASTER OF ARTS – POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**YEAR – II**

**GOVERNMENT & POLITICAL IN SOUTH ASIA**

**Sub. Code: MAPS/Y/240**

**Credits: 02**

**Total Marks: 100**  
**Marks: 40%**

**Minimum Pass**

**Internal Assessment: 40 Marks**

**University Examination: 60 Marks**

**BLOCK- 1: Introduction**

- Unit 1** South Asia as a Region
- Unit 2** Political Evolution up to Independence

**BLOCK- 2: India**

- Unit 3** Genesis and Constitutional Development
- Unit 4** Structure and Processes of Politics
- Unit 5** Problem of Nation-Building
- Unit 6** Foreign Policy

**BLOCK- 3: Pakistan**

- Unit 7** Genesis and Constitutional Development
- Unit 8** Structure and Processes of Politics
- Unit 9** Foreign Policy
- Unit 10** Military and Politics

**BLOCK- 4: Bangladesh**

- Unit 11** Genesis and Constitutional Development
- Unit 12** Structure and Processes of Politics
- Unit 13** Foreign Policy



**BLOCK- 5: Nepal and Bhutan**

- Unit 14** Constitutional Development
- Unit 15** Structure and Processes of Politics in Nepal
- Unit 16** Foreign Policy
- Unit 17** Society and Politics in Bhutan

**BLOCK- 6: Lanka and Maldives**

- Unit 18** Constitutional Development in Sri Lanka
- Unit 19** Structure and Processes of Politics
- Unit 20** Problems and Ethnic Accommodation in Sri Lanka
- Unit 21** Foreign Policy of Sri Lanka
- Unit 22** Maldives: Society and Politics

**BLOCK- 7: Issues and Trends**

- Unit 23** South Asian Elites
- Unit 24** Role of Religion in South Asia
- Unit 25** Political Development in South Asia
- Unit 26** Poverty and its Alleviation in South Asia
- Unit 27** Problems and Prospects of Democracy in South Asia
- Unit 28** Regional Cooperation (SAARC)